

Module English

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Second year

Lesson on Ordinary and Extreme Adjectives

Objective: Understand the difference between ordinary and extreme adjectives and use them appropriately in sentences.

Introduction:

Adjectives are words that describe or modify nouns. They help provide more information about the noun they are attached to. There are different types of adjectives, and one way to classify them is into ordinary and extreme adjectives.

1. Ordinary Adjectives:

Definition: Ordinary adjectives are standard adjectives that express a basic level of quality.

Example:

The big elephant walked slowly.

2. Extreme Adjectives:

Definition: Extreme adjectives, also known as non-gradable or absolute adjectives, express an extreme degree of a quality. They often don't have comparative or superlative forms.

Examples:

The news was amazingly good. (Not just good, but to an extreme degree)

The food was incredibly delicious. (Not just delicious, but to an extreme degree)

3. Comparative and Superlative Forms:

Ordinary adjectives usually have comparative and superlative forms to express degrees of comparison.

Ordinary: tall → Comparative: taller → Superlative: tallest

Example:

The tall giraffe is taller than the zebra, but the elephant is the tallest.

Extreme adjectives, on the other hand, do not typically have comparative or superlative forms.

Extreme: amazing → No comparative or superlative form

Example:

The news was amazing, not more amazing or most amazing.

4. Practice:

Instructions:

- Read the sentences below.
- Identify whether the blank should be filled with an ordinary or extreme adjective.
- Choose the appropriate adjective from the word bank.
- Fill in the blanks with the selected adjectives

Word Bank:

amazing, terrible, noisy, fascinating, beautiful, exhausted, enormous, stunning, boring, freezing

1. The fireworks display was _____ (ordinary/extreme). It lit up the night sky with _____ colors.
2. The roller coaster ride was _____ (ordinary/extreme). It was a _____ experience that left everyone exhilarated.
3. The classroom was _____ (ordinary/extreme). The students were _____ after the long exam.
4. The art exhibition featured _____ (ordinary/extreme) paintings. Each piece was more _____ than the last.
5. The storm last night was _____ (ordinary/extreme). The thunder was so _____ that it shook the windows.
6. The new movie was _____ (ordinary/extreme) and _____. The plot was _____, and the special effects were _____.
7. The hike up the mountain was _____ (ordinary/extreme). The view from the top was _____.
8. The concert was _____ (ordinary/extreme) loud. The music was so _____ that you could feel the vibrations.
9. The hotel room was _____ (ordinary/extreme). It had an _____ view of the ocean.
10. The temperature outside was _____ (ordinary/extreme). It was so _____ that everything seemed to freeze